

## Seagulls advice and information



### About seagulls

Seagulls are a common feature of many seaside towns and are becoming increasingly common in urban settings due, in large part, to the easy availability of food and nesting sites.

Herring gulls are common in this area. They are large, with grey upper feathers and black ends to their wings which have white tips. They have a yellow beak with a red spot and their legs and feet are a pink flesh colour.

Seagulls usually build their nests in May and lay two or three eggs which take three weeks to hatch. The chicks stay in the nest for five or six weeks and will fly in late July or early August.

### The seagull problem

Gull colonies can present problems, including noise, fouling, spreading rubbish and even swooping at people, usually to protect their chicks or to snatch food.

There can also be damage to roofs and gutters, and blockage of gas flues caused by nesting materials can have serious consequences if gas fumes are prevented from venting properly.

### What the law says

Generally, it is illegal to capture, injure or destroy any wild bird, or interfere with its nest or eggs.

Licences issued by the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra) allow control measures to be taken where there are public health or safety concerns.

However the law does not permit control measures for gulls if they are causing noise nuisance, fouling or simply damaging property. Penalties for disregarding the law can be severe.

### What can be done to deter seagulls?

#### Don't feed the seagulls

Members of the public are strongly advised not to feed the seagulls as this will increase their population.

Penalties could be issued against those who persistently cause a nuisance by feeding seagulls.

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### Eliminate the food source

Placing extra waste beside your wheelie bin can also attract them.

All those who are able to use a wheelie bin for their household waste are asked to do so. For Whitehaven residents who use bin bags, Whitehaven Town Council can provide gull-proof bags. It is preferable that waste is placed outside of a property on the collection day itself, rather than the night before.

### Prevent nesting sites

If gulls start nesting on a roof, it is likely that more gulls will be attracted to nest on nearby properties. Where more and more properties have gull-proofing measures in an area, there will be less chance for a gull colony to grow.

Gull-proofing measures can include:

- chimney guards
- roof spikes
- roof wires and nets
- bird-free fire gel
- disturbance of nesting sites, before eggs are laid or after the young have flown

If you are a tenant, it is recommended that you discuss the measures to be taken with your landlord.

### Pest control

Whilst deterrent measures should always be tried in the first instance, after all methods have been tried but a seagull nuisance persists, it can be possible to seek the assistance of a licensed pest control contractor with specialist skill and experience.

### Useful contact details

#### **Copeland Borough Council**

Market Hall  
Whitehaven  
Cumbria  
CA28 7JG  
01946 598300  
[info@copeland.gov.uk](mailto:info@copeland.gov.uk)

#### **Whitehaven Town Council**

Civic Hall  
Lowther Street  
Whitehaven  
Cumbria  
CA28 7SH  
01946 67366  
[clerk@whitehaventowncouncil.co.uk](mailto:clerk@whitehaventowncouncil.co.uk)

#### **Natural England**

0845 601 4523  
[www.gov.uk/government/organisations/natural-england](http://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/natural-england)

#### **RSPCA**

0300 1234 999  
[www.rspca.org.uk](http://www.rspca.org.uk)

#### **British Pest Control Association**

01332 294 288  
[www.bpca.org.uk](http://www.bpca.org.uk)

#### **National Pest Technicians Association**

01773 717716  
[www.npta.org.uk](http://www.npta.org.uk)